



હેમચંદ્રાચાર્ય ઉત્તર ગુજરાત યુનિવર્સિટી

Accredited by NAAC with "B" Grade (CGPA 2.21)

પો.બો.નં.-૨૧, યુનિવર્સિટી રોડ, પાટણ (ઉ.ગુ.) ૩૮૪૨૬૫

ફોન:(૦૨૭૬૬) ૨૩૭૦૦૦

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પરિપત્ર નં.- ૧૩૩/૨૦૨૬

વિષય: એલ. એલ. બી. અભ્યાસક્રમ સેમેસ્ટર- ૧ થી ૬ ના શૈ. વર્ષ: ૨૦૨૬-૨૭ થી ક્રમશઃ અમલમાં આવતા અભ્યાસક્રમ અને પરીક્ષા સ્કીમ અંગે..

આ યુનિવર્સિટીના કાયદા વિભાગના કો-ઓર્ડિનેટરશ્રી તથા સંલગ્ન કાયદા અભ્યાસક્રમની કોલેજોના આચાર્યશ્રીઓને જણાવવાનું કે, લીગલ સ્ટડીઝ વિષયની અભ્યાસ સમિતિની તારીખ: ૦૫/૦૬/૨૦૨૬ ની સભાના ઠરાવ નં.૦૨ થી કરેલ ભલામણ તથા ડીનશ્રીની વિદ્યાશાખાવતીની ભલામણ એકેડેમિક કાઉન્સિલના તા: ૨૯/૦૬/૨૦૨૬ ના ઠરાવ નં.- ૮.૨૧૧ થી સ્વીકારી એલ.એલ.બી. અભ્યાસક્રમનો સેમેસ્ટર- ૧ થી ૬ નો સામેલ પરિશિષ્ટ મુજબનો અભ્યાસક્રમ/પરીક્ષા સ્કીમ/રેગ્યુલેશન્સ શૈ.વર્ષ: ૨૦૨૬-૨૭ થી ક્રમશઃ અમલમાં આવેલ આવે તે રીતે મંજૂર કરેલ છે. જેનો અમલ કરવા સારૂ સંબંધિતોને આ સાથે મોકલવામાં આવે છે.

સદર બાબતની જાણ આપના સ્તરે થી અધ્યાપકશ્રીઓ તથા વિદ્યાર્થીઓને કરવા વિનંતી છે.

નોંધ: આ પરીપત્ર યુનિવર્સિટીની વેબસાઇટ www.ngu.ac.in પર પણ ઉપલબ્ધ કરવામાં આવેલ છે. આથી સંબિધત કોલેજોને ડાઉનલોડ કરી ઉપયોગ કરવા સારૂ જણાવવામાં આવે છે.

બિડાણ: ઉપર મુજબ

નં.એકે/સ.મં-૨/અક્સ/૨૪૩/૨૦૨૬

તા. ૦૮/૦૭/૨૦૨૬

કુલસચિવ

નકલ રવાના: (જાણ તથા ઘટતી કાર્યવાહી સારૂ) (By Email)

૧. ડીનશ્રી, ફેકલ્ટી ઓફ લો, હેમ.ઉ.ગુ.યુનિવર્સિટી, પાટણ.
૨. ચેરપર્સનશ્રી, લીગલ સ્ટડીઝ અભ્યાસ સમિતિ, હેમ.ઉ.ગુ.યુનિવર્સિટી, પાટણ.
૩. કાયદા વિદ્યાશાખા હેડબની કોલેજોના આચાર્યશ્રીઓ તરફ
૪. પરીક્ષા નિયામકશ્રી, હેમચંદ્રાચાર્ય ઉત્તર ગુજરાત યુનિવર્સિટી પાટણ.
૫. કો-ઓર્ડિનેટરશ્રી- રાષ્ટ્રીય શિક્ષણ નીતિ-૨૦૨૦, હેમ.ઉ.ગુ.યુનિવર્સિટી, પાટણ.
૬. ડાયરેક્ટરશ્રી - IQAC, હેમ.ઉ.ગુ.યુનિવર્સિટી, પાટણ.
૭. ગ્રંથપાલશ્રી, હેમચંદ્રાચાર્ય ઉત્તર ગુજરાત યુનિવર્સિટી પાટણ.
૮. માન.કુલપતિશ્રી/કુલસચિવશ્રીનું કાર્યાલય હેમચંદ્રાચાર્ય ઉત્તર ગુજરાત યુનિવર્સિટી પાટણ.
૯. સિસ્ટમ એનાલીસ્ટશ્રી, કોમ્પ્યુટર (રીઝલ્ટ સેન્ટર) હેમ.ઉ.ગુ.યુનિવર્સિટી, પાટણ.
૧૦. પ્રવેશ પ્ર-શાખા, હેમ.ઉ.ગુ.યુનિવર્સિટી, પાટણ
૧૧. મહેકમ શાખા, હેમ.ઉ.ગુ.યુનિવર્સિટી, પાટણ. (૨ નકલ)

**HEMCHANDRACHARYA NORTH GUJARAT
UNIVERSITY,PATAN.**

**FACULTY OF LAW
(NEW COURSE)**

W.E.F. June: 14/06/2026

SYLLABUS FOR 3 YEARS PROGRAMME

Faculty of Legal Studies

Introduction:-

All the Law Colleges affiliated to our Uni. have been recognized by Bar Council of India. Bar Council of India has framed rules on standards of legal education and recognition of 3 years degree in law for the purpose of enrolment as advocate and also made mandatory for each law college of India to frame Syllabus as per their guidelines under sec. 7(1)(h) and (i) 24(1)(c) (iii) and (iiia) 49(1) (af), (ag) and (d) of Advocates Act, 1961 in consultation with Universities and State Bar Council.

Sem	COURSE PATTERN	Instruction (hrs/week)	Duration exam. (hrs)	Marks			Credit
				Internal/ Clinical Work (Internal Exam:20) (Assignment:10) Total - 30	External	Total	
Semester-I W.E.F. – June-2026	Law of Contract – I (LLB01CC101)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Constitutional Law – I (LLB01CC102)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Law of Torts, Consumer Protection Laws and M.V.Act (LLB01CC103)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Law of Crime – I The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 (LLB01CC104) W.E.F. – June-2024	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Banking Laws & The N. I. Act (LLB01CC105)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Indian Legal History, Constitutional History of India (LLB01EC106)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Total	24	18	180	420	600	24
Semester-II W.E.F. – Dec. -2026	Special Contract (LLB02CC201)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Constitutional Law – II (LLB02CC202)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Property Laws (LLB02CC203)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Law of Crime – II The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 (LLB02CC204) W.E.F. – June-2024	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Environmental Laws (LLB02CC205)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Indian Trust and RTI Act (LLB02EC206)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Total	24	18	180	420	600	24
Semester-III W.E.F. – June-2027	Family Laws – I (LLB03CC301)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Administrative Law (LLB03CC302)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Labour and Industrial Laws - I (LLB03CC303)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Principles of Taxation Laws (LLB03CC304)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Interpretation of Statute (LLB03CC305)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Laws Relating to Women and Children (LLB03CC306)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Total	24	18	180	420	600	24
3	Page						

Semester-IV W.E.F. – Dec. -2027	Jurisprudence (LLB04CC401)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Family Laws – II (LLB04CC402)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Labour and Industrial Laws-II (LLB04CC403)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Company Law (LLB04CC404)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Human Right Law & Right to Education (LLB04CC405)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Practical - I Moot Court Practice and Internship – I (LLB04CC406)	4	3	• Practical: 30 • Internship: 30 • Case Study:30 • Viva:10 TOTAL =100	00	100	4
	Total	24	18	250	350	600	24
Semester-V W.E.F. – Jun - 2028	Law of Crime – III The Bhartiya Nagarik Surksha Sanhita, 2023 W.E.F. – Jun - 2024 (LLB05CC501)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Civil Procedure Code (LLB05CC502)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	The Bhartiya Sakshay Adhiniyam, 2023 W.E.F. – Jun - 2024 (LLB05CC503)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Public International Law, (LLB05CC504)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Intellectual Property Rights (LLB05CC505)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	The Information Technology Act – 2000 and Use of Computer and Internet in Legal Education (LLB05CC506)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Total	24	18	180	420	600	24
Semester-VI W.E.F. – Dec. - 2028	Practical Paper - II Professional Ethics and Bench Bar Relations (LLB06CC601)	4	2	• Clinical:30 + • Viva:20 =50	50	100	4
	Practical Paper-III Alternative Dispute Resolution (LLB06CC602)	4	2	• Clinical:40 + • Viva:10 =50	50	100	4
	Practical Paper - IV Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing (LLB06CC603)	4	2	• Drafting Pleading 15×3 =45 • Conveyanceing 15×3=45 • Viva-Voice =10 TOTAL - 100	00	100	4
	Practical Paper - V Moot Court Practice and Internship - II (LLB06CC604)	4	3	• Practical: 30 • Internship: 30 • Case Study:30 • Viva:10 TOTAL =100	00	100	4
	Legal Language (LLB06CC605)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Public Interest Lawyering, Legal Aid & Para-Legal Services (LLB06CC606)	4	3	30	70	100	4
	Total	24	15	360	240	600	24

HEMCHANDRACHARYA NORTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, PATAN.

FACULTY OF LAW

LL.B. SEMESTER – V

(NEW SYLLBUS EFFECTIVE FROM: JUNE 2026)

HEMCHANDRACHARYA NORTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, PATAN				
Programme Name:	LL.B.	Semester:	5	
Course Code :	LLB05CC501	Effective Year:	2028-29	
Law of Crime -III				
The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023				
Course type :	Core Course	Total Credit:	4	
Teaching time (hours)	Examination Marking Scheme			
Theory (hrs)	Practical (hrs)	Internal (Marks)	External (Marks)	Total (Marks)
4	-	30	70	100

Purpose of Course	This course is designed with a prime object to familiarize students with the Principles of criminal liability and other concepts of substantive Criminal Laws.
Course Objective	➤ To examine the historical evolution of Criminal Law Maxims, Doctrine and Principles. ➤ To analyze the sentencing policy of the Penal Law of the Land. ➤ To know the elements of crimes against person, property, order and state. ➤ To articulate the differences between Indian Law on one hand which is codified and non-codified British Law. ➤ To articulate informed opinion over important, controversial issues in Criminal Law. ➤ To recognize important considerations dealing with the rights of Criminal Defendants.
Course Outcome	By the end of the course the learner would be able to: ➤ Demonstrate an in-depth understanding of the aspects of Criminal Justice or Law and its relationship to larger social issues. ➤ To illustrate how society views crime against women, human body and property. ➤ Identify, explain and apply the principles of Criminal Law covered in this course
Teaching Method	Lecture Method, Case Study, Group Discussion, Problem-Based Learning, PPT Presentation, Charts, Audio-Visual Aids, Legal Database Demonstration, Use of Law Journals and Law Software etc.

Unit		Topic	Credit	Marks
1.		THE BHARATIYA NAGARIK SURAKSHA SANHITA, 2023	3	75
	1.1	Primary		
	1.2	Constitution of Criminal Courts and Officers		
	1.3	Power of Courts		
	1.4	Powers of superior officers of police and aid to the Magistrate and the police		
	1.5	Arrest of Persons		
	1.6	Process to Compel Appearance		
	1.7	Process to Compel the production of things		
	1.8	Reciprocal Arrangements for assistance in certain matters and procedure for attachment and forfeiture of property		
	1.9	Security for keeping the peace and for good behaviour		
	1.10	Order to maintenance for wives, children and parents		

	1.11	Maintenance of public order and tranquility		
	1.12	Preventive action of the police		
	1.13	Information to the police and their powers to investigate		
	1.14	Jurisdiction of the criminal courts in inquiries and trials		
	1.15	Inevitable Condition to Start Procedures		
	1.16	Complaints to Magistrate		
	1.17	Commencement of proceeding before Magistrate		
	1.18	The Charge		
	1.19	Trial before a court of session		
	1.20	Trial a warrant cases by Magistrate		
	1.21	Trial of summons cases by Magistrates		
	1.22	Summary Trial		
	1.23	Plea Bargaining		
	1.24	Attendance of persons confined or detained in prisons		
	1.25	Evidence in inquiries and trials		
	1.26	General provisions as to inquiries and trials		
	1.27	Provisions as to accused persons of unsound mind		
	1.28	Provisions as to offences affecting the administration of justice		
	1.29	Judgement		
	1.30	Confirmation for death sentence		
	1.31	Appeal		
	1.32	Reference and Revision		
	1.33	Transfer to criminal cases		
	1.34	Execution, Suspension, Remission and Commutation of Sentences		
	1.35	Provision as to Bail and Bonds		
	1.36	Disposal of Property		
	1.37	Irregular Proceedings		
	1.38	Limitation for Taking Cognization of Certain Offences		
	1.39	Miscellaneous		
2.	Probation of Offenders Act, 1958		1	25

	REFERENCE BOOKS
1	Dr. Bhavesh Bharad & Dr. Rekhasingh, The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita,Supriya Publication, Ahmedabad (English-Gujarati edition)
2	Vinod Kumar Bhadu, Arun Bishnoi, The Bharatiya Nagarik SurakshaSanhita,2023, Publisher: University Book House Pvt. Ltd.
3	J.K. Verma, Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 (Criminal Procedure) : ACommentary, Eastern Book Company
4	Saurabh Kansal, Vageshwari Deswal, Shruti Goyal, Taxman Bharatiya NagarikSuraksha Sanhita 2023 Law & Practice, Aggarwal Law House
5	RatanLal and DhirajLal –Indian Penal Code
6	Namit Saxena, Concise Commentary on The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita,2023,Lexis Nexis
7	A.K.Guptas, The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita 2023,Hindi Law House
8	Prof. K.N. Chandranshekhar Pillai – Essay’s on Indian Penal Code
9	Law of Probation in India along with Juvenile Justice Act,1988,B.D.Khatri, Eastern Book Company
10	Juvenile and Probation Laws, C.Veena, C. Jamanadas & Co. Ahmedabad

HEMCHANDRACHARYA NORTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, PATAN				
Programme Name:	LL.B.	Semester:	5	
Course Code:	LLB05CC502	Effective Year:	2028-29	
Civil Procedure Code				
Course type :	Core Course	Total Credit:	4	
Teaching time (hours)	Examination Marking Scheme			
Theory (hrs)	Practical (hrs)	Internal (Marks)	External (Marks)	Total (Marks)
4	-	30	70	100

Purpose of course	The purpose of this course is to provide a structured and comprehensive framework for Civil litigation in India, ensuring that justice is administered efficiently and equitably. The CPC established clear guidelines for the jurisdiction of Civil Courts, delineated the procedures for filing suits and presenting pleadings and outlined the conduct of trials, including the examination of witnesses and presentation of evidence.
Course Objectives	➤ The course objectives of the Civil Procedure Code (CPC) are designed to equip students with the knowledge and skills necessary to navigate the complexities of civil litigation in India. ➤ The objectives include understanding the procedural framework for resolving disputes, the jurisdiction of Civil Courts, the execution of decrees and orders, and the appeals process. ➤ Students will also learn about the place of Suing, Suits against the Government, and the Powers of the Appellate Court. It provides an interesting and lucid study of the fundamental Principles of Civil Procedure in a logical sequence,
Course Outcomes	By the end of the course the learner would be able to: ➤ The course outcome is to familiarize them with important concepts and practical application of the same in the courts which would enable them to harvest skills applicable in litigations. ➤ To enhance their drafting skills in Civil matters. ➤ To prepare students for practically applying Judicial Procedures.
Teaching Method	Lecture Method, Case Study, Group Discussion, Problem-Based Learning, PPT Presentation, Charts, Audio-Visual Aids, Legal Database Demonstration, Use of Law Journals and Law Software etc.

Unit		Topic	Credit	Marks
1.	Civil Procedure Code, 1908		3	75
	1.1	Preliminary		
	1.2	Suits in general		
	1.3	Parties to suits		
	1.4	Pleadings		
	1.5	Appearance of parties and setting aside ex-parte decrees		
	1.6	Examination of parties		
	1.7	Admissions		
	1.8	Production, impounding and return of documents		
	1.9	Settlement of issues and disposal of suits		
	1.10	Adjournments		
	1.11	Hearing of the suit and examination of witnesses		
	1.12	Affidavits		

	1.13	Commissions		
	1.14	Judgment and decree		
	1.15	Execution		
	1.16	Arrest and attachment before judgment		
	1.17	Appointment of Receiver		
	1.18	Temporary injunctions and interlocutory orders		
	1.19	Death, marriage and insolvency of parties		
	1.20	Supplemental proceedings		
	1.21	Suits in particular cases		
	1.22	Special Proceedings: Arbitration & Special Case		
	1.23	Public nuisances and public charities		
	1.24	Appeals		
	1.25	Reference, review and revision		
	1.26	Special provisions relating to some High Courts		
	1.27	Chartered High Courts		
	1.28	Rules		
	1.29	Miscellaneous		
2	The Limitation Act, 1963		1	25

REFERENCE BOOKS	
1.	The Code of Civil Procedure, Noshirvan H. Jhabvala, C. Jamanadas & Co.,
2.	Civil Procedure Code, Mulla, Indian Law Books.
3.	Civil Procedure, C.K. Takwani, Eastern Book Co.
4.	Dr.Avtar Singh, Code of Civil Procedure, Central Law Publication
5.	Law points On Civil Laws – (English) Lawmann
6.	Ashvin N. Kariya, Divani Karyvahi No Kaydo, C.Jamnadas and Company, Ahmedabad
7.	B. M. Gandhi, Civil Procedure Code, 1908, SBD Publication, Ahmedabad
8.	Radharaman Gupta, Code of Civil Procedure, Central Law Publications 7th Ed. 2025,
9.	C.K.Thakker, Code of Civil Procedure, Universal, Delhi.
10.	Dr. Kartick C.Mitra, Law of Limitation & Prescription, , Edi. 2021, Allahabad Law Agency
11.	Rajesh J Goswam & Mohit Bhutani, The Limitation Act, Edi. 2023 The House of Law
12.	The Limitation Act, 1963, K. S. Javeri, Meet Publications.

HEMCHANDRACHARYA NORTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, PATAN				
Programme Name:	LL.B.	Semester:	5	
Course Code:	LLB05CC503	Effective Year:	2028-29	
The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam - 2023				
Course type:	Core Course	Total Credit:	4	
Teaching time (hours)	Examination Marking Scheme			
Theory (hrs)	Practical (hrs)	Internal (Marks)	External (Marks)	Total (Marks)
4	-	30	70	100

Purpose of Course	Toserves as a foundational legal framework governing the admissibilityand relevance of evidence in judicial proceedings in India. It defines keyterms and establishes criteria for determining what constitutes a fact and its relevance in legal contexts. The BSA is crucial for Law students andlegal practitioners as it provides a comprehensive understanding of the law of evidence, which is essential for fair and efficient administration of justice in both civil and criminal cases.
Course Objectives	➤ Familiarize students with the general rules and principles of evidence as enshrined under the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023. ➤ Introduce students to the precise and uniform rules of practice of courts while dealing with facts and circumstances of the case, by means of evidence. ➤ Educate the students about the purpose of law of evidence. ➤ Acquaint the students with the impact of technological advancements in the country upon the new law related to evidence. ➤ Highlight the changes brought about in the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023, in comparison with the predecessor law, i.e. the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.
Course Outcomes	By the end of the course the learner would be able to: ➤ Describe the concept and nature of different types of Evidence. ➤ Understand the concept of ‘Burden of Proof’, and the standard of Burden of Proof to be followed in Civil and Criminal Cases. ➤ Explain the role and presumption powers endowed upon the judges during the trials. ➤ Appraise the role played by the witnesses during a trial, and the evidentiary value attached to ocular evidence vis-à-vis scientific evidence. ➤ Evaluate the applicability and admissibility of forensic science in Civil and Criminal Cases along with the admissibility of expert opinion.
Teaching Method	Lecture Method, Case Study, Group Discussion, Problem-Based Learning, PPT Presentation, Charts, Audio-Visual Aids, Legal Database Demonstration, Use of Law Journals and Law Software etc.

Unit		Topic	Credit	Marks
1.		The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam - 2023	4	100
	1.1	Preliminary		
	1.2	Relevancy of Facts		
	1.3	Proof		
	1.4	Oral Evidence		
	1.5	Documentary Evidence		
	1.6	Exclusion of Oral Evidence by Documentary Evidence		
	1.7	Burden of Proof		
	1.8	Estoppel		
	1.9	Witnesses		
	1.10	Examination of Witness		
	1.11	Improper Admission and Rejection of Evidence		
	1.12	Repeal And saving		

REFERENCE BOOKS	
1.	A. N. Kariya, The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam 2023, C Jamnadas and Company, Ahmedabad
2.	M. P.Tandon, The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam 2023, The New Era Law Publication
3.	Dr. N.V Paranjape, Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam . Central Law Publication
4.	Ratanlal & Dhirajlal , The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023,
5.	K. Swamyraj, Tax book on Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam, Central Law Publication
6.	Madhu Gaur, Tax book on Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam 2023, Universal LexisNexis
7.	Kartik Kaushik, Tax book on Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam 2023, Taxmann
8.	Prof. (Dr.) Vagheshwari Deswal, Tax book on Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam 2023, Taxmann

HEMCHANDRACHARYA NORTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, PATAN				
Programme Name:	LL.B.	Semester:	5	
Course Code:	LLB05CC504	Effective Year:	2027-28	
Public International Law				
Course type :	Core Course	Total Credit:	4	
Teaching time (hours)	Examination Marking Scheme			
Theory (hrs)	Practical (hrs)	Internal (Marks)	External (Marks)	Total (Marks)
4	-	30	70	100
Purpose of Course	This course is designed to provide an advanced academic study of Public International Law, including its nature, sources, subjects, jurisdictional principles, treaty law, dispute settlement mechanisms, the law relating to war, and international cooperation.			
Course Objective	1. To introduce students to the origin, development, nature, and theoretical basis of Public International Law. 2. To examine the principal sources of international law and the relationship between international law and municipal/state law. 3. To study the legal status of states, recognition of states, statehood, and the position of persons under international law. 4. To analyze the principles governing state jurisdiction, treaties, settlement of disputes, war, and allied legal issues. 5. To develop an understanding of the role of international cooperation in contemporary international legal order. 6. To cultivate analytical, interpretative, and comparative legal skills relevant to international legal studies.			
Course Outcome	By the end of the course the learner would be able to: 1. Describe the conceptual foundations of Public International Law. 2. Interpret the major sources and subjects of international law. 3. Assess the relationship between international law and state law. 4. Apply legal principles to issues of statehood, jurisdiction, and treaty relations. 5. Demonstrate awareness of international dispute settlement and international cooperation.			
Teaching Method	Lecture Method, Case Study, Group Discussion, Problem-Based Learning, PPT Presentation, Charts, Audio-Visual Aids, Legal Database Demonstration, Use of Law Journals and Law Software etc.			

Unit		Topic	Credit	Marks
1.	Public International Law		4	100
	1.1	Nature, Origin, Development and Basis of Public International Law		
	1.2	Sources of International Law		
	1.3	The Subject of International Law		
	1.4	Relation Between International Law and State Law		
	1.5	States in General at International Law		
	1.6	Recognition of the State		
	1.7	State and Person		
	1.8	Jurisdiction of State		

	1.9	Treaties		
	1.10	Settlement of International Disputes		
	1.11	War and Matters Connected Therewith		
	1.12	International Cooperation		

REFERENCE BOOKS	
1.	Public International Law, N.C. Jani, C. Jamanadas & Co.,
2.	Principles of Public International Law, Brownlie, R. Cambray & Co. Pvt. Ltd.
3.	Public international law, Dr. Bhagyashree and A. Despande, Central law publication
4.	Public International Law, Swapnil Aloni, Legal Eagle Publication

HEMCHANDRACHARYA NORTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, PATAN				
Programme Name:	LL.B.	Semester:	5	
Course Code:	LLB05CC505	Effective Year:	2028-29	
Intellectual Property Rights				
Course type :	Elective Course	Total Credit:	4	
Teaching time (hours)	Examination Marking Scheme			
Theory (hrs)	Practical (hrs)	Internal (Marks)	External (Marks)	Total (Marks)
4	-	30	70	100

Purpose of Course	The study of Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) in India serves several key purposes, ➤ Legal & Policy Framework ➤ Academic & Career Purpose ➤ Economic Growth & Innovation ➤ Cultural Heritage & Traditional Knowledge Protection ➤ Public Interest Balance			
Course Objectives	➤ To introduce fundamental aspects of Intellectual property Rights to students who are going to play a major role in development and management of innovative projects in industries. ➤ To disseminate knowledge on Patents, Patent regime in India and abroad and registration aspects. ➤ To disseminate knowledge on Copyrights and its related rights and registration aspects. ➤ To disseminate knowledge on Trademarks and registration aspects ➤ To provide an in depth understanding of Patent, Trademarks, Copy rights, Trade Secret and Industrial designs, covering both theoretical concept and practical application. ➤ Too aware about current trends in IPR and Govt. steps in fostering IPR.			
Course Outcomes	By the end of the course the learner would be able to: ➤ The students once they complete their academic projects, shall get an adequate knowledge on Patent, Trademarks, Designs and Copyright for their innovative research works. ➤ During their research career, information in patent documents provide useful insight on novelty of their idea from state-of-the art search. This provides further way for developing their idea or innovations. ➤ Pave the way for the students to catch up Intellectual Property(IP) as a career option.			
Teaching Method	Lecture Method, Case Study, Group Discussion, Problem-Based Learning, PPT Presentation, Charts, Audio-Visual Aids, Legal Database Demonstration, Use of Law Journals and Law Software etc.			
Unit		Topic	Credit	Marks
1.		The Patent Act, 1970	1	25
	3.1	Patent History, Concept of patent and Definitions		
	3.2	Patent Application		
	3.3	Process to Grant Patent		
	3.4	Patent		
	3.5	Licenses		
	3.6	Power of central Government		
	3.7	Suits relating to infringement of Patent		
	3.8	Appeals to the Appellate Board		
	3.9	Appeal and Punishment		
	3.10	Patent Agent		
	3.11	Miscellaneous		
2.		The Copyright Act, 1957	1	25
	2.1	History and Definitions.		
	2.2	Copyright office and Copyright Board		
	2.3	Copyright- General		

	2.4	Ownership of Copyright and the rights of the Owner		
	2.5	Term of Copyright		
	2.6	Licenses		
	2.7	Copyright Societies and Rights of Broadcasting Authorities		
	2.8	International Copyright		
	2.9	Registration of Copyright and Infringement of Copyright		
	2.10	Civil Remedies		
	2.11	Crimes		
	2.12	Appeals and Miscellaneous Provisions		
3.	The Trade Marks Act, 1999		1	25
	3.1	Preliminary.		
	3.2	The Register and conditions for registration		
	3.3	Procedure for registration and duration		
	3.4	Effect of registration		
	3.5	Assignment and Transmission		
	3.6	Use of Trade Mark and registered users		
	3.7	Rectification and correction of the register		
	3.8	Collective Marks		
	3.9	Certification Trade Marks		
	3.10	Special provisions for Textile Goods		
	3.11	Appellate Board		
4.	The Designs Act,2000		1	25
	4.1	Preliminary		
	4.2	Registration of Designs		
	4.3	Copyright in registered Designs		
	4.4	Industrial and International Exhibitions		
	4.5	Legal Proceedings		
	4.6	General		
	4.7	Powers and duties of Controller		
	4.8	Evidence, etc.		
	4.9	Agency		
	4.10	Power of central Government and etc.		
	4.12	Offences, Penalties and Procedure		
	4.13	Miscellaneous		

REFERENCE BOOKS	
1.	An Introduction to Intellectual Property Rights, J.P. Misra, Central Law Publication.
2.	Law Relating to Intellectual Property Rights, M.K. Bhandari, Central Law Publication.
3.	Intellectual Property Rights in India, P. Prankrishna, R. Cambray & Co. Pvt. Ltd.
4.	Ahuja, V K. (2017). Law relating to Intellectual Property Rights. India, IN: Lexis Nexis.
5.	Dr. M. K. Bhandari, Law Relating to Intellectual Property Rights, Edi.2024, Central Law Publications
6.	P. Narayanan, Intellectual Property Law, Edi.2023, Eastern Law House
7.	Simran R. Gurnani, Intellectual Property Rights, Edi.2024, C. Jamnadas & Co. Ahmedabad
8.	Sanjay Sehgal, Intellectual Property Rights and Copyright Laws, G I Publication , New Delhi

HEMCHANDRACHARYA NORTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, PATAN				
Programme Name:	LL.B.	Semester:	5	
Course Code:	LLB05CC506	Effective Year:	2027-28	
The Information Technology Act & Use of Computer and Internet in Legal Education				
Course type :	Core Course	Total Credit:	4	
Teaching time (hours)	Examination Marking Scheme			
Theory (hrs)	Practical (hrs)	Internal (Marks)	External (Marks)	Total (Marks)
4	-	30	70	100

Purpose of Course	The primary purpose of the Information Technology (IT) Act, 2000 is to provide legal recognition for electronic transactions and digital communications, commonly known as e-commerce. It also aims to facilitate electronic filing of documents with government agencies, prevent cybercrime, and provide a structured regulatory framework for the digital space. Computers and the internet are indispensable in modern legal education. They primarily serve to streamline digital legal research, enable efficient case management, and provide global access to legislative acts and treaties. These tools transform how LLB students study, allowing them to compare legal frameworks and prepare for tech-driven courtrooms.
Course Objectives	➤ Conferring legal validity on electronic records and digital/electronic signatures. ➤ Defining, penalizing, and controlling computer-related crimes like hacking, identity theft, data theft, and cyberstalking. ➤ Outlining requirements for data protection and providing mechanisms for users to seek compensation for data breaches. ➤ Establishing regulatory bodies, such as the Controller of Certifying Authorities and the Indian Computer Emergency Response Team to manage and respond to cybersecurity threats. ➤ objective of use of Computer and Internet in Legal Education aims to equip law students with digital skills to modernize legal research, navigate vast information networks, and manage law practices efficiently.
Course Outcomes	By the end of the course the learner would be able to: ➤ Understand about the laws governing cyber space and the role of Internet Governance in framing policies for Internet security. ➤ Knowledge on different types of cybercrimes and analyse legal frameworks of different countries and organisations to deal with these cyber crimes. ➤ Understand about the importance of jurisdictional boundaries and identify the measures to overcome cross jurisdictional cyber crimes. ➤ Understand about how to assess the legal issues with online trading, and analyse applicable e-contracting, e-commerce, e-governance and taxation regulations and familiarize with the fundamentals of Information Technology Act 2000. ➤ ICT in LLB shifts students from “books to bytes”, building not just legal knowledge but the digital, research, and analytical skills needed for modern legal practice. It improves grades, research speed, employability, and access to justice, while also requiring attention to digital literacy and equity.
Teaching Method	Lecture Method, Case Study, Group Discussion, Problem-Based Learning, PPT Presentation, Charts, Audio-Visual Aids, Legal Database Demonstration, Use of Law Journals and Law Software etc.

Unit	Topic	Credit	Marks
1.	The Information Technology Act	3	75
1.1	Preliminary		
1.2	Cyber Crime: National & International Perspective		
1.3	Electronic Governance		
1.4	Attribution, Acknowledgement and Dispatch of		

		Electronic Records		
	1.5	Secure Electronic Records and Secure Digital Signatures		
	1.6	Regulation of Certifying Authorities		
	1.7	Digital Signature Certificates		
	1.8	Duties of Subscribers		
	1.9	Penalties and Adjudication		
		The Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal		
		Offences		
		Network Service Providers not to be Liable in Certain Cases		
2.	Use of Computer and Internet in Legal Education		1	25
	3.1	Law Related Websites: Basic knowledge, Kinds and importance		
	3.2	Use of Internet for gathering speedy legal information by the law students/ researchers		
	3.3	Search Engines & Websites: Use for legal education purpose		
	3.4	Use of Internet for searching Head-notes, Cases		
	3.5	Use of Internet in comparing Legislation of India and other Countries		
	3.6	Updating the legal news, current status of the pending Bills in the House through Internet		
	3.7	On line search of Supreme Court and other courts' Judgments		
	3.8	Legal Profession Office Management through Internet:		
	3.9	Speedy verification and perusal of the drafted memo/case and related instruction through Internet		
	3.10	Obtaining the latest status of the case law decided by the Apex Court (before its publication in the Law Journals)		
	3.11	Use of Internet in Legal Research and online submission of Articles, Presentation/Seminar papers by Researchers in Law		
	3.12	To view the judgments of the unreported judgments from the website of the High Court through Internet		
	3.13	Find out International Conventions & Treaties through Internet		

REFERENCE BOOKS	
1.	Taxmann's Information Technology Act 2000 with Rules
2.	Cyber Crime in India: Trends, Challenges, and Solutions, Rahul Pandi, Edi. 2024, Notion Press
3.	Cyber Encounters: Cops' Adventures With Online Criminals,Ashok Kumar, Penguin eBury Press
4.	Cyber Crime and its Prevention - Cyber Crime,Debtaru Chetterjee, Khanna Publishing House
5.	Cyber Law & Cyber Crimes Simplified, Adv. (Dr.) Prashant Mali, Commercial Law Publishers (India) Pvt. Ltd.
6.	Teaching Legal Education in the Digital Age, Ann Thanaraj, Kris Gledhill
7.	Nandan Kamath, Law Relating to Computers and Internet, Universal Law Publishing Co.
8	Rega Rao, Use of computer, Interned for Law students & Legal Profession, Asia Law Book House, Hyderabad

GENERAL RULES FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL EXAMINATION

1. Every LL.B. student is required to appear in both the Internal Examination and the University (External) Examination.
2. The Internal Examination shall be conducted at the college level and shall carry a total of 30 marks, comprising:
 - 20 marks for the written Internal Examination conducted by the college; and
 - 10 marks for an Assignment, which shall be allotted by the college and submitted by the student to the college.
3. Out of the 20 marks allotted for the Internal Examination, a student must secure a minimum of 08 marks, and out of the 10 marks allotted for the Assignment, a student must secure a minimum of 04 marks to pass. Students are required to complete and pass both components of the Internal Examination.
4. Any student who does not appear in the Internal Examination conducted by the college shall not be permitted to appear in the University Examination.
5. Any student who does not appear in or fails the Internal Examination conducted by the college shall not be eligible to appear in the University Examination.
6. If a student remains absent from or fails either the Internal Examination or the University Examination, no marks obtained in any component shall be carried forward to the subsequent academic year. The student shall be required to reappear in the entire examination of the concerned subject afresh.
7. The Internal Examination shall ordinarily be conducted in accordance with the Academic Calendar prescribed by the Faculty of Law. The final schedule and dates of the Internal Examination shall be determined by the respective college.
8. If any student fails to comply with or violates any rules, regulations, directions, or requirements prescribed by the Bar Council of India, the University, or the College, the College shall have the authority to debar such student from appearing in the Internal Examination. This shall be the exclusive and unquestionable right of the College.